

Class: 3rd Date: 8th June, 2020

Subject: English Grammarite

Read this page and watch video to understand better.

Degrees of comparison

⑦ I have lost my pencil.

You already know that **adjectives** are also used to compare people, animals, and things.

Read these speech bubbles. The ant, the sparrow, and the cat are comparing their sizes.



In these speech bubbles, the ant, the sparrow, and the cat use the adjective **big** to compare each other.

Adjectives have three degrees of comparison.

- In the example above, the adjective **big** only describes the ant. It is in the **positive degree**. We use the **positive degree of adjectives** when no comparison is made. For example—
 - I am a **big** ant.
 - Jaya is a **tall** girl.
- The adjective **bigger** compares the sparrow to the ant. It is in the **comparative degree**. We use the **comparative degree of adjectives** when two persons, animals, or things are compared. We use **than** with the adjective. For example—
 - I am **bigger than** you.
 - Sarah is **taller than** Jaya.
- The adjective **biggest** compares the cat to the sparrow and the ant. It is in the **superlative degree**. We use the **superlative degree of adjectives** when more than two persons, animals, or things are compared. We use **the** with the adjective. For example—
 - But I am **the biggest**.
 - Aria is **the tallest** in the class.

Note

- We add **-er** to the adjective in the comparative degree.
- We add **-est** to the adjective in the superlative degree.

Solve in notebook



Exercise 13

1. Fill in the blanks.

(a) $158 \times \dots = 158$

(b) $\dots \times 1 = 264$

(c) $2536 \times \dots = 0$

(d) $372 \times \dots = 0$

(e) $1 \times \dots = 809$

(f) $9783 \times \dots = 0$

2. Fill in the blanks.

(a) $97 \times 106 = 106 \times \dots$

(b) $537 \times 243 = \dots \times 537$

(c) $1309 \times 640 = \dots \times 1309$

(d) $361 \times \dots = 637 \times 361$

3. Fill in the blanks.

(a) $(85 \times 76) \times 99 = 85 \times (\dots \times 99)$

(b) $138 \times (431 \times 644) = (\dots \times 431) \times 644$

(c) $42 \times (83 \times 68) = 42 \times (68 \times \dots)$

4. Fill in the blanks.

(a) $84 \times (57 + 36) = (84 \times 57) + (84 \times \dots)$

(b) $103 \times (81 + 59) = (103 \times \dots) + (103 \times 59)$

(c) $92 \times (\dots + 36) = (92 \times 47) + (92 \times 36)$

(d) $127 \times (75 + \dots) = (127 \times 75) + (127 \times 53)$



Q. 1 What is the capital of Mizoram?

Ans. Aizawl

Q. 2 Which is the harvest festival of Assam?

Ans. Bihu

Q. 3 Who is the current Deputy Chief Minister of Haryana ?

Ans. Shri Dushyant Chautala

Q. 4 How many days are there in a leap year?

Ans. 366 days

Q. 5 Which game is Abhinav Bindra famous for?

Ans. Shooting

#Learn and write in notebook.

Class: 3rd Subject -Hindi

प्र0.-5 इस कविता में कवि ने फूल को ही आधार क्यों बनाया है?

उत्तर - इस कविता में कवि से फूल को ही आधार इसलिए बनाया है क्योंकि एक बगीचे में अलग-अलग रंगों के और अनेक प्रकार के फूल खिलते हैं फिर आपस में मिलकर रहते हैं इसी प्रकार हमें भी आपस में मिलकर रहना चाहिए।

प्र0.-6 फूल किस- किस रंग के होते हैं?

उत्तर - फूल अनेक रंगों के होते हैं जैसे- हरा, लाल, पीला, सफेद, नीले, गुलाबी आदि।

प्र0.-7 फूल को खिलने के लिए क्या-क्या चाहिए?

उत्तर - फूल को खिलने के लिए हवा, पानी और सूरज चाहिए।

*** To write and learn question answer of lesson -5 in note book.**

*** एक पेज सुलेख सरिता में लिखे।**

Test Chapter-4 (Birds Behaviour)

Time: 40 min.

M.M.: 20

A. Choose the correct answer.

1x2=2

1. A bird with a long-pointed beak is
(a) sparrow (b) pigeon (c) hummingbird (d) parrot
2. The weaver bird makes a
(a) bottle shaped nest (b) nest of pebbles
(c) nest in the tree bark (d) hole in the ground

B. Put the odd one out.

1x3=3

1. Vulture, owl, eagle, hen
2. Parrot, crow, Cuckoo, pigeon
3. Sparrow, spoonbill, parrot, pigeon

C. Match the column A (Birds) with column B (Nest).

1x3=3

Column A (Birds)

Column B (Nest)

- | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Sparrow | (b) packs a hole in a tree trunk |
| 2. Tailorbird | (c) sews leaves to make nests |
| 3. Woodpecker | (a) makes nest in our homes |

D. Tick the correct statement and cross the wrong one.

1x3=3

1. Strong hooked beak is used for tearing the flesh/cracking the nut.
2. Cuckoo cares / does not care about its young ones.
3. Feather/ beak is short, hard and horny.

E. Fill in the blanks with appropriate words.

1x3=3

(Cuckoo, beaks, walls, guard, nest)

1. Birds use their _____ to collect materials for their nests.
2. Father Birds _____ their chicks.
3. Birds build their nests in _____.

F. Answer the following questions.


2x3=6

1. Why do different birds have different kinds of beaks?
2. Name the kinds of feathers birds have.
3. What kind of feet do ducks and geese have?

H.W.- Take test in your fair notebook and check your answer tomorrow.


Class: 3rd Subject- S.St.

(Learn and write in book)


 **ACTIVITY**
Based Exercises

1. Look at the picture given below and suggest a suitable title for it.

Igloo



Iskimo's




Title - Iskimo's house


- What type of house is shown in the picture? Igloo - Ice house
- Which areas are famous for these type of houses? Temporary
→ Very cold region (area) → Snowfall through the year

2. See the pictures given below and mention suitable titles for the both.

Clean house



dirty house



- What steps should be taken to keep our home clean?

Ans

1. Keep all things at proper place.
2. Remove the spider web.
3. Keep cleanliness