



Class: 4th Date: 1st May, 2020

“The hardest part of remote learning is that we aren’t together. We want our students to know that even though we aren’t together, they are still very much loved and everything we are doing is for them.”

Class -4th Subject- S.St.

Chapter-3 (The Northern Plains)

Topic: States lying in the Northern Plains

Answer the following questions on the basis of video lecture.

- Q.1 Name the states lying in the Northern Plains.
- Q.2 Write down the names of famous festivals of Punjab.
- Q.3 Write down some important features of life in Haryana.
- Q.4 Name some famous monuments in Delhi.
- Q.5 What is the famous festival of West Bengal?
- Q.6 What are the famous festivals of Bihar?
- Q.7 Name some important cities of Uttar Pradesh. Also write its capital.

Learn and write in notebook.

Class -4th Subject-Hindi

पाठ- 2 भिक्षा पात्र

प्र0.1. गाँव में क्या हुआ था?

उत्तर -गाँव में अकाल पड़ा था।

प्र0.2. पशु- पक्षी क्यों व्याकुल थे?

उत्तर -पशु -पक्षी प्यास से व्याकुल थे।

प्र0.3.नगर के हर आँगन में अनाज पहुँचाने का ज़िम्मा किसने लिया?

उत्तर -नगर के हर आँगन में अनाज पहुँचाने का ज़िम्मा सुप्रिया ने लिया।

प्र0.4.सुप्रिया को क्या आशीर्वाद मिला?

उत्तर -सुप्रिया को आशीर्वाद मिला "तथास्तु! तुम्हारा निश्चय पूरा हो।

* पाठ-2 के प्र0./उत्तर लिखो व याद करो।

Class: 4th Subject: Maths

Using suitable grouping, find the following product

For example. (a) $2 \times 49 \times 5$ (b) $5 \times 85 \times 20$ (c) $4 \times 76 \times 25$

$= (2 \times 5) \times 49$ $= (5 \times 20) \times 85$ $= (4 \times 25) \times 76$

$= 10 \times 49 = 490$ $= 100 \times 85 = 8500$ $= 100 \times 76 = 7600$

Q. 1 By using suitable grouping, find the following products in the note book.

(a) $2 \times 53 \times 5$ (b) $5 \times 29 \times 20$ (c) $4 \times 86 \times 25$

(d) $2 \times 49 \times 50$ (e) $36 \times 4 \times 125$ (f) $2 \times 108 \times 500$

Class- 4th Subject- Science

Assessment work

Chapter- 2 (Plant Habitats)

Short answer questions.

Que. 1. On what basis can different plants be classified.

Answer- We can classify plants on the basis of their habitats.

Que. 2. What is adaptation?

Answer- The development of some special features that help an organism to survive is called adaptation.

Que. 3. Give two features of plants of plain region.

Answer- Plants of plain region have a lot of thin and flat leaves. They shed their leaves during winter.

Que. 4. What are saprophytic plants?

Answer- Plants that depend on dead and decaying matter for their survival are known as saprophytic plants.

Dictation test

1. Survival
2. Region
3. Decaying
4. Adaptation
5. Special
6. Features
7. Classify
8. Basis
9. Organism
10. Development



H.W. - Write and learn all questions and answers in your notebook. Learn difficult words given for dictation test and try to write their spellings.

Adjectives

Answers to the previous Questions.

A. Choose the correct adjective to complete each sentence.

Help Box

1. more talkative
2. that
3. most wonderful
4. white
5. these
6. last

Enormous	- विशाल
Huge	- बहुत बड़ा, विशाल
Delicious	- स्वादिष्ट
Awful	- भयंकर, बुरा
Tire	- थकना
Harm	- नुकसान, क्षति

Today's topic,

Synonyms and antonyms

Read these sentences.

- This is an **enormous** truck.
- It has a **large** steering wheel and **huge** tyres.

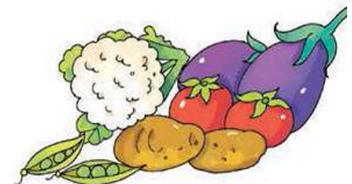


The words **enormous**, **large**, and **huge** have similar meanings. They all mean **big**.

These words are called **synonyms**.

Now, read these sentences.

- Mili said the salad was **delicious**.
- Adil complained the salad was **awful**.
- Mili's plate is **empty**. But Adil's plate is still **full**.
- Mili will grow **tall** and **strong**, but Adil will remain **short** and **weak** if he doesn't eat fresh vegetables.



Let's look at these pairs of words.

- delicious—awful
- empty—full
- tall—short
- strong—weak

They are opposite in meaning. These words are called **antonyms**.

We can add the letters **un-** at the beginning of some words to form antonyms. For example,

- happy → **un**happy
- finished → **un**finished
- lucky → **un**lucky
- fair → **un**fair

We can add the letters **-less** at the end of some words to form antonyms. Read the following pairs of words.

- care → care**less**
- tire → tire**less**
- speech → speech**less**
- harm → harm**less**

B. There are two adjectives in each sentence. Underline the adjectives, and write in front of each sentence whether it has a pair of synonyms (S) or antonyms (A).

1. This field is big and wide. _____ **S** _____
2. It is a bright and sunny day. _____
3. I like to visit quiet and peaceful places. _____
4. The children were cheerful on the happy occasion. _____
5. Rani's table is tidy, but her cupboard is very untidy. _____
6. Did you read how the ugly frog turned into a handsome prince? _____



C. Use these pairs of words to make sentences of your own.

1. enormous—tiny
2. comfortable—uncomfortable
3. tidy—untidy
4. colourful—dull
5. careful—careless
6. easy—difficult

Class: 4th Subject: G.K.

1. Who was Albert Einstein?

Answer: A famous scientist.

2. What crop is famously grown in the region of Darjeeling?

Answer: Tea leaves.

3. What is the Capital of Uttarakhand?

Answer: Dehradun

4. Which planet is nearest to Earth?

Answer: Venus

5. We get solar energy from?

Answer: Sun

6. Name the island part of India?

Answer: The Andaman and Nicobar Islands and Lakshadweep Islands

7. Where does a dog live?

Answer: Kennel

8. Goitre is caused due to the deficiency of?

Answer: Iodine

9. Who was George Washington?

Answer: George Washington was the first president of the United States of America.

10. Which is the longest river in the world?

Answer: Nile

H.W. – Learn all these questions and write in your notebook.

Stay home, stay safe.

